

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES
REGULATION CODE AND SRC RULE 17(2)(b) THEREUNDER

1. For the quarterly period ended: **June 30, 2023**
2. Commission identification number: **101** 3. BIR Tax Identification No.: **000-160-247**
4. Exact name of issuer as specified in its charter:

LEPANTO CONSOLIDATED MINING COMPANY

5. Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization:
Makati City, Philippines

6. Industry Classification Code: (SEC Use Only)

7. Address of issuer's principal office:

**21st Floor, Lepanto Building
8747 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City, Philippines**

8. Issuer's telephone number, including area code:

(632) – 815-9447

9. Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report: **N/A**

10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the Code, or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA

Title of each Class	Number of shares of common stock outstanding:
Class "A"	39,822,869,196
Class "B"	26,552,888,901

Amount of Debt Outstanding: **Please refer to the attached Balance Sheet (Annex "B")**

11. Are any or all of the securities listed on a Stock Exchange?

Yes [x] No []

If yes, state the name of such Stock Exchange and the class/es of securities listed therein.

Philippine Stock Exchange

Classes "A" and "B"

12. Indicate by check mark whether the registrant:

(a) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the Code and SRC Rule 17 thereunder or Sections 11 of the RSA and RSA Rule 11(a)-1 thereunder, and Sections 26 and 141 of the Corporation Code of the Philippines, during the preceding twelve (12) months (or for such shorter period the registrant was required to file such reports)

Yes No

(b) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past ninety (90) days.

Yes No

PART I- FINANCIAL INFORMATION

- Item 1. Financial Statements:** *Income Statement* - **Annex "A"**
Balance Sheet - **Annex "B"**
Statement of Cash Flow - **Annex "C"**
Stockholders' Equity - **Annex "D"**
Notes to Financial Statements - **Annex "E"**
Aging of Accounts Receivable-Trade - **Annex "F"**
- Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations** - **Annex "G"**
- Item 3. Impact of Current Global Financial Condition** - **Annex "H"**
- Item 4. Financial Ratios** - **Annex "I"**

PART II- OTHER INFORMATION (None)

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Issuer : **LEPANTO CONSOLIDATED MINING COMPANY**

Signature :


RAMON T. DIOKNO

Title :

Chief Finance Officer

Date :

August 18, 2023

Signature :


ODETTE A. JAVIER

Title :

Vice President/Assistant Corporate Secretary

Date :

August 18, 2023

LEPANTO CONSOLIDATED MINING COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES
STATEMENTS OF INCOME
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023
(With Comparative Figures for 2022)
(Amounts In Thousand , Except Earnings (Loss) Per Share)

	FOR THE SECOND QUARTER		FOR SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
REVENUES				
Sale of metals	P 567,474	P 390,883	P 1,371,212	P 813,038
Service fees and other operating income	4,578	1,935	4,400	3,620
	<u>572,053</u>	<u>392,818</u>	<u>1,375,613</u>	<u>816,658</u>
COSTS AND EXPENSES				
Mining, milling, roasting, smelting, refining and other related charges; administrative expenses; depreciation, amortization and depletion; and other charges	(612,853)	(549,700)	(1,301,725)	(1,129,280)
INCOME (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS	<u>(40,800)</u>	<u>(156,882)</u>	<u>73,888</u>	<u>(312,622)</u>
FINANCE COST, net	(2,213)	(2,746)	(4,402)	(5,475)
FOREIGN EXCHANGE GAINS (LOSS), net	(140)	1,124	(2,520)	2,570
OTHER INCOME (CHARGES), net	(2,932)	5,971	1,246	13,764
SHARE IN NET EARNINGS (LOSSES) OF ASSOCIATES	<u>(18,466)</u>	<u>(629)</u>	<u>1,009</u>	<u>(399)</u>
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX	<u>(64,551)</u>	<u>(153,162)</u>	<u>69,221</u>	<u>(302,162)</u>
PROVISION FOR (BENEFIT FROM) INCOME TAX				
CURRENT	(35)	17	-	33
DEFERRED	1,031	(306)	1,131	(153)
	<u>996</u>	<u>(289)</u>	<u>1,131</u>	<u>(120)</u>
NET INCOME (LOSS)	<u><u>P (65,547)</u></u>	<u><u>P (152,873)</u></u>	<u><u>P 68,090</u></u>	<u><u>P (302,042)</u></u>
Attributable to:				
Stockholders of the parent company	(61,962)	(152,515)	71,565	(301,574)
Non-controlling interests	(3,585)	(358)	(3,475)	(468)
Net Income / (Loss)	<u><u>P (65,547)</u></u>	<u><u>P (152,873)</u></u>	<u><u>P 68,090</u></u>	<u><u>P (302,042)</u></u>
BASIC/DILUTED EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE	<u><u>(0.000988)</u></u>	<u><u>(0.002303)</u></u>	<u><u>0.001026</u></u>	<u><u>(0.004550)</u></u>

LEPANTO CONSOLIDATED MINING COMPANY
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(Amounts in thousands)

	JUNE 30	*DECEMBER 31
	2023	2022
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalent	P 61,102	P 53,590
Receivables, net	75,933	78,749
Inventories, net	530,889	587,494
Advances to suppliers and contractors	11,644	56,384
Other current assets	641,947	477,341
Total current assets	1,321,515	1,253,558
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
Property, plant and equipment	6,130,662	6,293,417
Available-for-sale financial assets	46,646	46,646
Investments and advances in associates	445,484	452,373
Mine exploration cost	7,000,361	6,969,680
Deferred tax assets	180,190	180,190
Other noncurrent assets	705,268	514,048
Total non-current assets	14,508,611	14,456,354
TOTAL ASSETS	P 15,830,126	P 15,709,912
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Trade and other payables	P 2,830,664	P 2,801,778
Short-term borrowings	41,623	41,657
Lease Liability	8,109	8,109
Income tax payable	4,005	3,690
Total current liabilities	2,884,401	2,855,234
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Advances from Far Southeast Services Limited	6,275,575	6,242,881
Long-term borrowings	198,505	198,505
Lease Liability	6,991	1,940
Liability for mine rehabilitation cost	16,511	11,490
Retirement benefit obligations	1,025,839	1,042,173
Deferred income liabilities	178,742	178,742
Deposit for future stock subscriptions	69,200	69,200
Total non-current liabilities	7,771,363	7,744,931
TOTAL LIABILITIES	10,655,763	10,600,165
EQUITY		
Capital stock	6,635,685	6,635,685
Additional paid-in capital	5,077,033	5,077,033
Re-measurement loss on retirement plan	147,506	147,506
Cumulative changes in fair values of AFS investments	(59,342)	(59,342)
Deficit	(6,877,603)	(6,945,693)
	4,923,279	4,855,189
Non-controlling interests	251,083	254,558
Total equity	5,174,363	5,109,747
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	P 15,830,126	P 15,709,912

* - AUDITED

LEPANTO CONSOLIDATED MINING COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

(With Comparative Figures for 2022)

(Amounts in Thousand Pesos)

	FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30		FOR SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Income/ (Loss) before tax	(65,682)	(153,162)	68,090	(302,162)
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation and depletion	(52,333)	1,287	293,089	200,493
Equity in net losses (income) of affiliated companies	20,429	575	1,009	399
Foreign exchange losses (income), net	(4,891)	(957)	(2,520)	(2,341)
Prior quarter adjustment	75,607			
Provision for retirement benefit cost	-	-	973	973
Loss on sale of asset	-	(0)	-	(0)
Interest income	(6)	(8)	(13)	(12)
Interest expense	(6,591)	2,738	(4,402)	5,457
Provision for income tax	135	289		120
Operating income before working capital changes	(33,332)	(149,238)	356,226	(97,072)
Decrease (Increase) in:				
Receivables and advances to suppliers	(225,952)	(30,490)	(47,556)	(82,987)
Inventories and PPE	26,279	87,148	(219,360)	36,347
Prepayments and other assets	381,087	(946)	164,606	(108,624)
Increase (Decrease) in:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(22,912)	162,947	29,167	456,439
Liability for mine rehabilitation cost	5,021	369	5,021	738
Deferred income tax liability, net	-	(11)	-	(271)
Cash generated (used) from operations	130,191	69,779	288,104	204,570
Retirement benefits paid	(38,207)	(25,202)	(109,248)	(51,111)
Interest received	6	8	13	12
Income tax recovered (paid)	-	-	-	-
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	91,990	44,584	178,869	153,470
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Investments, net	9,826	7,128	9,826	9,826
Acquisition of property and equipment	(114,342)	(64,904)	(135,390)	(168,896)
Exploration costs and other assets	(42,371)	(18,699)	(83,637)	(34,764)
Net cash used in investing activities	(146,888)	(76,475)	(209,202)	(193,835)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from:				
Borrowings	39,315	13,315	39,315	39,315
Disposal of Assets	-	-	-	-
Payments of:				
Borrowings	(1,459)	(95)	(1,459)	(1,459)
Interest	(11)	-	(11)	(11)
Capital and other reserves	(1)	-	(1)	(1)
Net cash provided by financing activities	37,844	13,220	37,844	37,844
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	(17,053)	(18,671)	7,512	(2,520)
Beginning of period	78,155	51,805	53,590	35,654
CASH AT END OF THE PERIOD	61,102	33,134	61,102	33,134

LEPANTO CONSOLIDATED MINING COMPANY
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 & 2022

(Amounts in thousands)

	<u>JUNE 30</u> <u>2023</u>	<u>JUNE 30</u> <u>2022</u>
Authorized - ₱ 6.64 billion		
Share capital at par value	P 6,637,393	P 6,637,393
Subscribed capital (net of subscriptions receivable)	(1,707)	(1,707)
Share premium	5,077,033	5,077,033
Cumulative changes in fair values of AFS investments	(59,342)	(67,882)
Re-measurement loss on retirement plan	147,506	(56,025)
Retained earnings		
Beginning balance	(6,945,693)	(6,446,391)
Net Income (Loss) for the period	68,090	(301,574)
	<u>(6,877,603)</u>	<u>(6,747,965)</u>
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE PARENT COMPANY	4,923,280	4,840,847
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS	251,083	248,039
	<u>P 5,174,363</u>	<u>P 5,088,886</u>

LEPANTO CONSOLIDATED MINING COMPANY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS OF JUNE 30, 2023 and DECEMBER 31, 2022

Note 1 - General information

Lepanto Consolidated Mining Company (parent company) was incorporated in the Philippines and registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on September 8, 1936 primarily to engage in the exploration and mining of gold, silver, copper, lead, zinc and all kinds of ores, metals, minerals, oil, gas and coal and their related by-products. On January 29, 1985, the SEC approved the extension of the parent company's corporate term for another fifty (50) years after the expiration of its original term on September 8, 1986.

The Parent company's shares are listed and traded in the Philippine Stock Exchange.

On January 14, 1997, the Parent Company was registered with the Board of Investments (BOI) under Executive Order No. 226 as a new export producer of gold bullion on a preferred non-pioneer status. This registration entitled the Parent Company to a four (4) year income tax holiday (ITH), which can be further extended for another three (3) years subject to compliance with certain conditions, and lower tariff rates on acquisition of capital equipment. It is required to maintain a base equity of at least 25% as one of the conditions of the registration.

On April 1, 1997, the Parent company started the commercial operations of its Victoria Project gold mine. Consequently, in October 1997, the parent company temporarily ceased operating its copper concentrate roasting plant facilities in Isabel, Leyte for an indefinite period. The Roasting plant facility was also registered with the Philippine Economic Zone Authority (PEZA) on December 17, 1985 pursuant to the provisions of Presidential Decree No. 66, as amended, and Executive Order No. 567 as a zone export enterprise to operate a roasting plant for the manufacture of copper calcine at the Isabel Special Export Economic Processing Zone.

On March 30, 2000, the Parent Company registered its copper flotation with the BOI as a new producer of copper concentrates on a preferred non-pioneer status. This registration entitled the Parent Company to a four (4) year ITH, subject to compliance with certain conditions, simplified customs procedures, additional deduction for labor expense, and unrestricted use of consigned equipment for a period of ten (10) years. It is required to maintain a base equity of at least 25% as one of the conditions of the registration. The Copper Flotation project was suspended at the end of 2001; BOI registration was cancelled on July 11, 2006.

On January 5, 2004, the Parent Company was registered with the BOI under Executive Order No. 226 as new export producer of gold bullion on a non-pioneer status, for its Victoria II (renamed Teresa) Project, located also in Mankayan, Benguet, Philippines. This registration entitles the Parent Company to ITH with the same incentives that were granted on their registration with the BOI on January 14, 1997. The Teresa Project commenced its commercial operations in April 2004.

On November 21, 2006, the Parent Company was registered with the BOI under Executive Order No. 226 as new export producer of copper-gold concentrate on a non-pioneer status for its copper-gold flotation project located also in Mankayan, Benguet, Philippines. This registration entitles the Company to ITH for four (4) years, which can be further extended for another three (3) years subject to compliance with certain conditions, and duty-free importation of equipment, spare parts and accessories for five (5) years. The copper-gold flotation operations were suspended in 2009 in view of the sharp decline in copper prices, of which the BOI was notified. In August 2017, the Company notified the BOI that it will resume copper-gold flotation operations in the fourth quarter of 2017.

The registrations mentioned above enable the Parent Company and its subsidiaries to avail of the rights, privileges, and incentives granted to all registered enterprises.

The Parent Company currently operates the Victoria Project from which it produces gold dore. It commenced commercial operation of the Copper-Gold Project, producing copper-gold concentrate, in October 2017.

The Company has two Mineral Production Sharing Agreements (MPSA), referred to as MPSA No. 001-090-CAR and MPSA No. 151-2000-CAR, both in Mankayan, Benguet.

MPSA No. 001-90-CAR was jointly executed by the Company and subsidiary Far Southeast Gold Resources, Inc. (FSGRI) on March 3, 1990 with the Philippine Government, through the Department of Environment and Natural Resources. The MPSA has a term of 25 years, renewable for another term not exceeding 25 years under the same terms and conditions. The Company and FSGRI filed an application for its renewal on June 4, 2014. The application for renewal of the mining rights is still pending approval as at December 31, 2021.

The Parent Company has its principal office at the 21st Floor, 8747 Lepanto Building, Paseo de Roxas, Makati City.

Note 2 – Compliance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

The consolidated financial statements of Lepanto Consolidated Mining Company Group (the Group) have been prepared in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the Philippines. The Group prepared its consolidated financial statements in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) except for the exemption from the fair value requirement of the Philippine Accounting Standards (PAS) 39, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, on long term commodity hedging contracts entered into by the parent company and outstanding as of January 1, 2005, which was permitted by the SEC.

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with the most recent annual financial statements.

Note 3 – Cash and Cash Equivalents

	06/30/2023	12/31/2022
Cash on hand	4,251	4,248
Cash in banks	56,851	49,342
	61,102	53,590

Cash in banks earn interest at the respective bank deposit rates.

Note 4 – Receivables

	06/30/2023	12/31/2022
Trade	65,259	87,892
Nontrade	10,210	15,773
Advances to officers and employees	11,644	32,357
	87,113	97,660
Less: Allowance for impairment losses	(11,180)	(18,911)
	75,933	78,749

The Parent Company's trade receivables arise from its shipments of gold and silver to refinery and smelter customer based on contract/agreement.

Trade and nontrade are non-interest bearing and are generally collectible on demand. Nontrade receivables comprise mainly of receivables from subcontractors and other third parties, while receivables from officers and employees pertain to cash advances made by employees for the operations of the Group.

Receivables from officers and employees are non-interest bearing and are generally subject to liquidation. Unliquidated receivables from officers and employees are collectible on demand or considered as salary deduction.

Note 5 – Inventories

	06/30/2023	12/31/2022
Parts and supplies	530,889	527,343
Mine products		60,151
	530,889	587,494

Parts and supplies include materials and supplies stored in Metro Manila, Bulacan, Mankayan, and Leyte. The decrease in the amount of ₱56.61 million represents withdrawn stocks used in operations.

Note 6 – Advances to suppliers and contractors

Advances to suppliers and contractors are non-financial assets arising from advanced payments made to suppliers and contractors before goods and services have been received or rendered. These are classified as current since these are expected to be

offset against future short-term billings and are recognized in the books at the amounts initially paid.

Advances to suppliers and contractors are attributable to contracts generally requiring advance payments. Amounts deposited will be applied as part of the full payment of the contract price upon completion of the contract or consummation of transactions and receipt of all related documents.

Note 7 – Other current assets

	06/30/2023	12/31/2022
Input VAT	510,788	453,196
Prepayments	60,960	15,273
Others	70,199	8,872
	641,947	477,341

Input VAT represents VAT paid on purchases of applicable goods and services. It may be claimed for refund or recovered as tax credit against certain future tax liability of the Company upon approval by the Philippine Bureau of Internal Revenue (BIR) and/or the Philippine Bureau of Customs.

Prepaid expenses include advance payments for taxes, insurance, rent and other services.

Note 8 – Trade and other payables

Composed of trade, due to related parties, accrued expenses and other liabilities, trust receipts, employee related expenses, unclaimed dividends, payables to regulatory authorities, accrued utilities and accrued production tax.

Nature, terms and conditions of the Group's liabilities:

- Trade payables include import and local purchases of equipment and inventories such as various parts and supplies used in the operations of the Group. These are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on sixty (60) days' terms.
- Accrued expenses and other liabilities are noninterest-bearing and are normally settled on a 30 to sixty (60) days' term. These include other operating expenses that are payable to various suppliers and contractors.
- Trust receipts refer to arrangements of the Group with banks related to its importations of inventories and various equipment which are interest bearing and have an average term of ninety (90) to one hundred twenty (120) days.
- Employee related expenses include unclaimed wages, accrued vacation and sick leave and accrued payroll. These are non-interest bearing and are payable in thirty (30) days' term.

- Unclaimed dividends pertain to unpaid cash dividends declared by the Parent Company to its stockholders. These are non-interest bearing and are payable upon demand of the payee.
- Payable to regulatory agencies include withholding taxes and other government contributions related to employees of the Group. These are non-interest bearing and are normally remitted within ten (10) days from the close of each month.
- Accrued utilities pertain to unpaid billings for power, communication, light and water charges. These are non-interest bearing and are normally settled within thirty (30) to ninety (90) days.
- Accrued production taxes pertain to excise taxes on metal sales. These are non-interest bearing and are settled within fifteen (15) days after the end of each quarter.

Note 9 - Business Segments

The Group derives revenue from the following main operating business segments:

Mining activities – This segment engages in exploration and mining of gold, silver, copper, lead, zinc and all kinds of ores, metals, minerals, oil, gas, and coal and related by-products.

Investment activities – This segment derives its income as a general agent, broker or factor of any insurance company or as a commercial broker, agent or factor of any person, partnership, corporation or association engaged in any lawful business, industry or enterprise. Income is derived from commissions, which represent income on non-life insurance policies underwritten by a subsidiary for certain principals.

Hauling and Leasing activities – This segment engages in handling all kinds of material, products and supplies in bulk and maintaining and operating terminal facilities such pier and warehouses. Income is derived mainly from hauling fees and warehouse rentals.

Insurance activities – This segment derives its revenues from premiums from short duration insurance contracts, which are recognized over a period of the contracts using the 24th month method.

Drilling activities – This segment derives its income from drilling services to its related and outside parties.

Manufacturing and Trading – This segment derives its revenue from manufacturing, distributing, selling and buying machinery and equipment, general merchandise and articles related to diamond core drilling industry.

The assets, liabilities and results of the business segments of the LCMC Group as of and for the period ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

Mining activities

	2023 (in thousands)	2022 (in thousands)
CURRENT ASSET	848,249	1,712,327
NON-CURRENT ASSET	14,102,192	14,534,853
CURRENT LIABILITES	2,578,963	3,546,571
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	7,651,065	7,788,066
GROSS INCOME	1,371,213	813,038
NET INCOME / (LOSS)	64,434	(299,124)

Investment activities

	2023 (in thousands)	2022 (in thousands)
CURRENT ASSET	96,733	96,639
NON-CURRENT ASSET	10,536	7,244
CURRENT LIABILITES	106,240	90,418
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	-	12,108
GROSS INCOME	-	-
NET INCOME / (LOSS)	(25)	(97)

Hauling and Leasing Activities

	2023 (in thousands)	2022 (in thousands)
CURRENT ASSET	184,999	184,192
NON-CURRENT ASSET	389,947	392,385
CURRENT LIABILITES	14,986	3,934
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	106,340	117,302
GROSS INCOME	12,917	10,527
NET INCOME / (LOSS)	420	(2,778)

Drilling Activities

	2023 (in thousands)	2022 (in thousands)
CURRENT ASSET	191,534	191,776
NON-CURRENT ASSET	5,936	82,181
CURRENT LIABILITES	184,212	222,437
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	13,958	14,215
GROSS INCOME	25,000	38,001
NET INCOME / (LOSS)	5,956	356

Note 10 – Seasonality

There are no seasonality or cyclical factors in the company's operations.

LEPANTO CONSOLIDATED MINING COMPANY

AGING OF ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - TRADE

AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

<i>CUSTOMERS</i>	<i>CURRENT</i>	<i>OVER 30 DAYS</i>	<i>OVER 60 DAYS</i>	<i>TOTAL</i>
HERAEUS LTD.	65,258,808	-	-	65,258,808
	65,258,808	-	-	65,258,808

**MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND
RESULT OF OPERATIONS**

As of June 30, 2023

Consolidated revenues for the second quarter of 2023 amounted to P572.0 million compared with P392.8 million in 2022. Consolidated net loss amounted to P65.5 million, 57% lower than last year’s P152.8 million.

For the first half of 2023, combined revenues reached P1.4 billion compared with P816.7 million for the same period in 2022. Consolidated net income for the period was P68.09 million from last year’s loss of P302.0 million.

Mining Operations

April – June 2023 versus April – June 2022

Dore production contained 5,068 ounces of gold and 11,343 ounces of silver versus last year’s 3,924 ounces and 10,082 ounces, respectively.

Metal sales went up by P176 million to P566.5 million because of higher gold production and metal price. A net loss of P55.6 million was recorded compared with last year’s loss of P149.3 million.

Gold price averaged US\$1,972.92/oz. versus US\$1,854.61/oz. while silver price averaged US\$23.77/oz. versus US\$21.47/oz. the preceding year. The P/US\$ exchange rate averaged P55.71/US\$1 compared with P52.64/US\$1 last year.

Tonnage broken decreased by 9,074 tonnes from 110,197 tonnes and tonnage milled, by 22,932 tonnes from 108,268 tonnes. Due to the higher cost of production inputs, mining cost increased from P185 million to P206.8 million and milling cost, from P97.3 million to P104.9 million. Depletion and depreciation increased by merely P3.8 million.

January – June 2023 versus January – June 2022

Metal production for the first half of the year consisted of 12,027 oz of gold and 22,938 oz of silver versus last year’s 8,131 oz of gold and 25,555 oz of silver.

Increased gold sales and gold price chiefly contributed to the higher metal revenue of P1.37 billion from P812.68 million last year. Consequently, a net income of P65.6 million was booked for the year as against the net loss of P298.0 million last year.

Gold price averaged US\$1,933.42/oz. versus US\$1,870.20/oz. last year, while silver price averaged US\$23.05/oz. versus US\$22.96/oz. The P/US\$ exchange rate averaged P55.22/US\$1 compared with P52.08/US\$1 last year.

Total costs and expenses increased by 17% to P1.3 billion from P1.1 billion due to: the increase of milling cost to P214.2 million attributable to the high consumption of milling reagents; 32% increase in overhead expenses brought about by significant water treatment costs; and 58% general increase of administration expenditures. On account of the improvement in gold production and sales, handling and assaying costs of dore and excise tax increased by 15% and 60%, respectively.

BALANCE SHEET MOVEMENTS

June 30, 2023 versus December 31, 2022

The increase in cash and cash equivalents by P7.5 million is due to improved cash inflows. Inventories decreased by P56.6 million due to production requirements. The decrease in advances to suppliers and contractors of P44.7 million represent reconciliations made to suppliers' accounts. Other current assets increased by P164.6 million resulting from unamortized operating development expenses.

The non-current portion of lease liability increased by P5.0M on account of recognition of such liability. Liability for mine rehabilitation increased by P5.0 million in compliance with regulatory requirements.

Deficit narrowed by P68.09 million representing the net income from operations during the period.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

Capital expenditures for the quarter totaled P44.7 million, of which P8.4 million went to exploration; P23.3 million to machinery and equipment; P11.9 million to mine development; and P1.2 million to maintenance of tailings storage facility 5A.

For the first semester, total capital expenditures amounted to P182.7 million, of which P97.5 million went to exploration; P44.3 million to machinery and equipment; P31.8 million to mine development; and P9.1 million to maintenance of tailings storage facility 5A.

OUTLOOK FOR THE YEAR

Lepanto will continue producing gold and silver dore from its Victoria and Teresa deposits. Most of the projects initiated in 2021-2022 to improve mill recovery and efficiency have been completed or are nearing completion, and showing desired results. These initiatives, together with the strict execution of the mine plan, will continue to improve gold production, which in turn, coupled with the rising metal prices, will improve the bottomline. Preparations for drilling at Teresa South are underway.

The Company intends to raise P2 Billion within the year to support an increase in the authorized capital stock from P6,640,000,000 to P9,000,000,000 as approved by the stockholders last year. Proceeds will fund an exploration program targeting copper-gold areas, settlement of liabilities, and working capital.

SUBSIDIARIES

The key performance indicator used for the subsidiaries is net income for the six months ended June 2023 versus the same period of the previous year.

Diamond Drilling Corporation of the Philippines reported a net income of P 2.6 million this year versus P0.35 million net income last year. Lepanto Investment and Development Corporation incurred a net loss of P0.10 million compared with last year's net loss of P0.09 million. Shipside, Incorporated recorded a net income of P0.42 million against last year's net loss of P2.8 million.

*** - KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS-LCMC**

Tonnes Milled which indicate the amount of ore taken for processing, **Milled Head** is the amount of gold per ton milled and **Gold production** which is the final product of the operations. **Metal sales**, **Cost and Expenses** and **Net Income** round up the review process on how the company is performing vis-à-vis the performance of the same period last year. **Average Gold price** for the period adds another parameter that needs watching notwithstanding that the company has no direct influence on its movement.

LEPANTO CONSOLIDATED MINING COMPANY
Impact of Current Global Financial Condition

Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to the potential loss arising from any failure by counterparties to fulfill their obligations, as and when they fall due. It is inherent to the business as potential losses may arise due to the failure of its customers and counterparties to fulfill their obligations on maturity dates or due to adverse market conditions.

All gold exports when priced are practically settled on cash basis. Parent Company's existing contracts with gold refineries allow for advances of 98% of payable metals paid in two (2) working days from pricing. Full settlement is normally received within three (3) working days.

The Parent Company enters into marketing contracts only with refineries and smelters of established international repute. Since the Parent Company is a primary gold producer, it has an exclusive marketing contracts with Heraeus Ltd.

The Group has a significant concentration of credit risk in relation to its trade receivables from Heraeus Ltd. Such risk is managed by securing the specific approval of the BOD before entering into contracts with refineries and by assessing the creditworthiness of such refineries.

The credit risk arising from these financial assets arises from default of the counterparty, with maximum exposure equal to the carrying amount of these instruments. The Group's gross maximum exposure to credit risk is equivalent to the carrying values since there are no collateral agreements for these financial assets.

There is no significant exposure to credit risk.

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of loss to future earnings, to fair values or to future cash flows that may result from changes in the price of a financial instrument. The value of a financial instrument may change as a result of changes in foreign currency exchanges rates, interest rates, equity prices and other market changes.

Foreign Exchange Risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk to earnings or capital arising from changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group takes on exposure to effects of fluctuations in the prevailing foreign currency exchange rates on its consolidated financial statements and consolidated statements of cash flows.

The Group follows a policy to manage its currency risk by closely monitoring its cash flow position and by providing forecast on all other exposures in non-Philippine Peso currencies.

The Group sells its product to the interstates national market. All metal sales are denominated in US\$. Dollar conversion of metal sales to Philippine Peso is based on the prevailing exchange rate at the time of sale. The Group also has purchase transactions denominated in AU\$.

Foreign currency-denominated liabilities of Parent Company totaled US\$1.0 million at the end of second quarter this year. Same amount was revalued at the start of the year based on an exchange rate of P55.755/US\$. No revaluation of said liabilities during the current year. Foreign exchange gain or losses due to the movement of the Philippine peso vis a vis the US\$ are recognized at year-end on outstanding US\$ denominated assets and liabilities. The gain/(loss) on Philippine peso appreciation/(depreciation) against the dollar as a result of settlement of liabilities is reflected as foreign exchange gain/(loss) in the financial statements.

As of the end of the quarter, Far Southeast Gold Resources, Inc., a 60%-owned subsidiary, had total foreign currency-denominated liabilities of US\$145.4 million. Said foreign currency liabilities are converted to Philippine peso at the time of their incurrence. No revaluation of said liabilities is done on account of the appreciation/depreciation of the Philippine peso; hence, no foreign exchange gain/loss is recognized for the quarter ended. Settlement of these obligations will be at their recorded value based on the agreement with the creditor/investor.

Interest Rate Risk

The Group's exposure to the risk for changes in market interest rate relates primarily to its long-term borrowings with floating interest rates. The Group regularly monitors its exposure to interest rates movements. Management believes that cash generated from operations is sufficient to pay for its obligations under the loan agreements as they fall due.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises from the possibility that the Group may encounter difficulties in raising funds to meet maturing obligations from financial instruments or that a market for derivatives may not exist in some circumstances.

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of advances from related parties. The Group considers its available funds and its liquidity in managing its long-term financial requirements. For its short-term funding, the Group's policy is to ensure that there are sufficient capital inflows to match repayments of short-term debt.

As part of its liquidity risk management, the Group regularly evaluates its projected and actual cash flows. It also continuously assesses conditions in the financial markets for opportunities to pursue fund raising activities, in case any requirements arise. Fund raising activities may include bank loans and capital market issues. Accordingly, its loan maturity profile is regularly reviewed to ensure availability of funding through an adequate amount of credit facilities with financial institutions.

Fair Values

PFRS defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair values are obtained from quoted market prices, discounted cash flow models and option pricing models, as appropriate.

Cash and Cash Equivalents, Trade Receivables and Trade and Other Payables

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, receivables and trade and other payables, which are all subject to normal trade credit terms and are short-term in nature, approximate their fair values.

AFS Financial Assets

Fair values of investments are estimated by reference to their quoted market price at the end of the reporting period. Unquoted equity securities are carried at cost, net of impairment in value, since fair value of these AFS securities cannot be reliably determined as these securities are not listed and have no available bid price.

Loans Payable and Borrowings

Carrying value of the loans payable and borrowings as at end of the quarter approximate their fair values. Borrowings from local banks are all clean loans with interest rates of 7.0%.

LEPANTO CONSOLIDATED MINING COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES
FINANCIAL RATIOS
PURSUANT TO SRC RULE 68, AS AMENDED
JUNE, 2023
(With Comparative Annual Figures for 2022)

	PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022
Profitability Ratios:		
Return on assets	0.43%	-3.15%
Return on equity	1.32%	-9.68%
Gross profit margin	9.30%	-9.40%
Net profit margin	4.95%	-26.63%
Liquidity and Solvency Ratios:		
Current ratio	0.46:1	5.06:1
Quick ratio	0.05:1	0.07:1
Solvency ratio	0.06:1	-0.47:1
Financial Leverage Ratios:		
Asset to equity ratio	3.06:1	3.07:1
Debt to equity ratio	2.05:1	2.07:1
Interest coverage ratio	15.7:1	29.16:1